



# Action Planning

# What do we need to do next?

**Not starting from zero**

**Already have many services and good practice in place**

**What do we need to do to ensure consistency?**

**How can you and your service contribute?**

**What might the challenges be?**

**What might the enablers be?**

**What are the short and long term goals?**

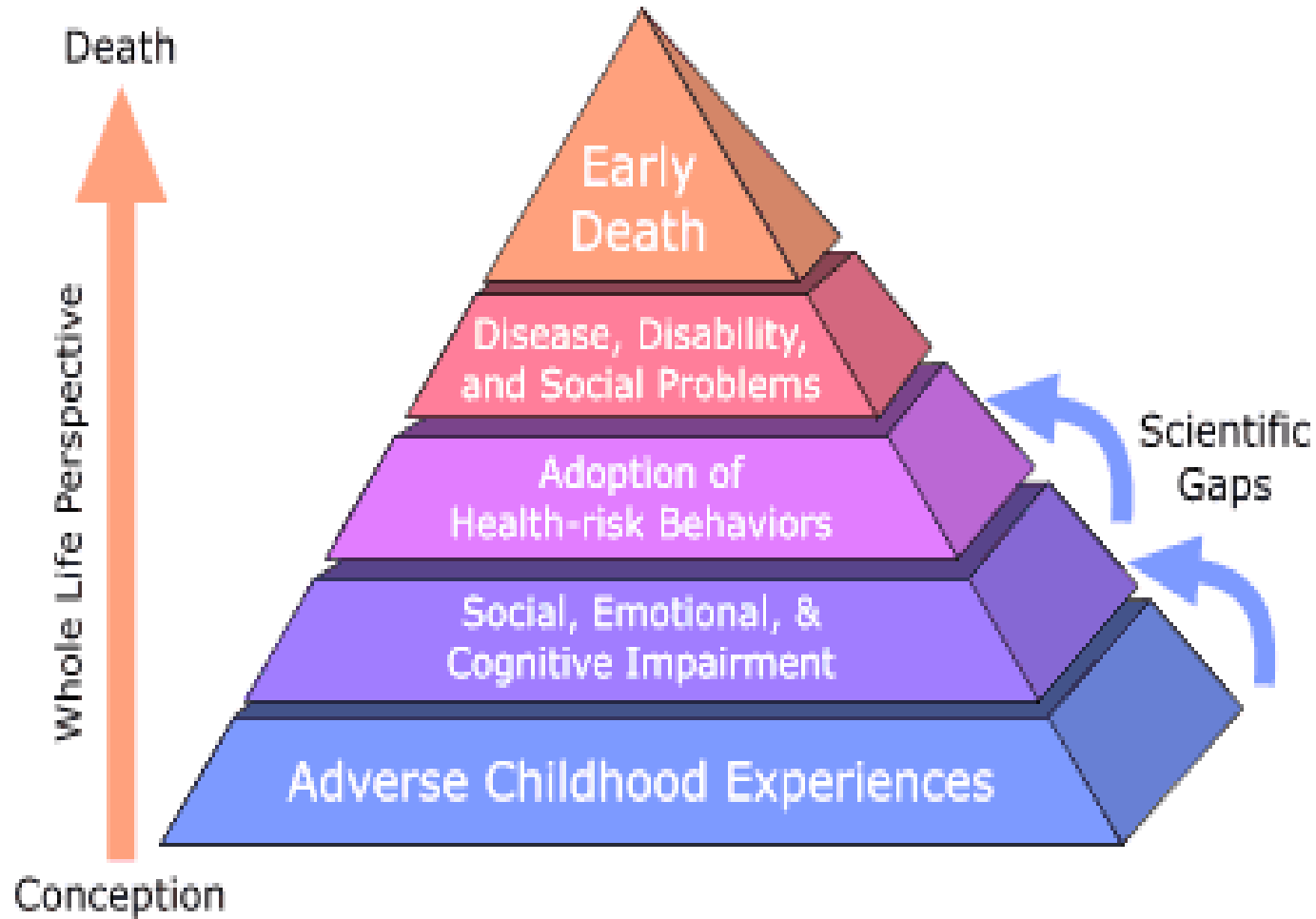


# Feedback

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Shropshire Council

PH Outcomes, next steps and close  
June 16<sup>th</sup> 2017



# Public Health Outcomes

What we have learned is that Adverse Childhood Experiences can be prevented

Consequent health-damaging behaviour can be changed through help and support

The case for Shropshire ...

# Building a workforce consensus on ACEs

- Developing consistent approach across health, social care and the 3<sup>rd</sup> sector
- Better integration and understanding of roles and responsibilities
- Commissioning across services which supports embedding the approach
- Delivering on public health outcomes collectively

# Building a workforce consensus on ACEs

Safe, stable, nurturing child-adult relationships and environments help children to develop strong cognitive and emotional skills and resilience

By encouraging such relationships ACEs can be prevented, even in difficult circumstances

For adults who experienced ACEs in their childhood, it is possible and important for us to help minimise the impact of ACEs on their health, relationships and lives in general



# Child Health Profile

- School readiness (69.6%)
- Hospital Admissions (0-4)
- Hospital Admissions (5-19)
- Hospital Admissions for Asthma (under 19)
- Family Homelessness
- 1<sup>st</sup> time entry to the youth justice system
- Emotional & behavioural health outcome for LAC considered 'of concern'
- Parents in drug treatment